

THE Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

From Thursday, April 27. to Thursday, May 4. 1732.

*Hail! charming Pow'r of Self-Opinion!
For none are Slaves in thy Dominion.
Secure in Thee, the Soul's at Ease;
The Vain have only one to please.
What more's in Truth or Wisdom seen?
They have but Happiness within.*

I do not love to have the Gazette filled with these Controversies about Religion, yet I cannot refuse to insert the following Piece, as it appears to be written in his own Vindication, by a Gentleman who has not been very tenderly used in my Papers.

To the Printer of the Gazette.

S I R.
MY last Performance in the Mercury, being censur'd by the Criticks, (profess'd Enemies to every thing I write) I shall do my self Justice by showing the Weakness of their Objections, and declaring that I think 'tis the best Piece I have ever wrote. I shall the rather do this in your Paper, tho' I have always wrote in the other before, because the Witlings have of late taken much Pains to decry the Mercury, and hinder its being so universally read as it ought to be.

The first Thing they cavil at, is my saying 'Tis beneath me to return railing for railing, &c. These blind Criticks do not perceive the Beauty of this Sentence, wherein I make use of a Figure in Rhetorick, by which the Orator seems not to do what he is then doing: By the Help of this Figure, I appear (with the Majority of my Readers) to be a Man of close Reasoning, Modesty, and Moderation. No Affront, I hope, to the Majority of my Readers; for considering the little Time I have been in the Country, it cannot be suppos'd they have gain'd much Knowledge of the polite Arts.

These Criticks however, fault my other Figures: They say, That to disorder Rooms one must displace the Chairs, Tables, or other Furniture, which they do not conceive can be done by atrabilical or any other Fumes. 'Tis plain they do not know what I mean by atrabilical Fumes. They say moreover, that they cannot conceive how a Man's playing the Critick should deprive him of his retentive Faculty, any more than of his expulsive or any other Faculty. Surprising Ignorance! Neither can they conceive how Medicines prescrib'd as proper for the Gripes, should immediately be most suitable for the Itch; or how a Printing-Press can catch what I call the Squirt. *Trifling Observations!*

I must however take Notice of the Charge of wilful Misrepresentation they bring against me, in the following particular. My Adversary used this Expression, *When one of the C-x-mos of Europe happens to come among us, &c.* and I, they say, insinuate as if he had branded all Strangers with that Name. 'Tis true, his meer Words do not import so much; but I appeal to any reasonable Man, whether, if he took *Me* for a C—mb, I had not all the Reason in the World to believe he thought no better of other People.

My Enemies give out, that for want of other Causes, I have undertaken that of Religion; and the Farmer, it seems, has compar'd me to a Hen with one Chick. This is so far from being just, that I must repeat what I have said to several worthy Gentlemen, *I am already employ'd in almost every Cause in the Province, and made such a Speech in Kent Court, as never was made there before.* Part of this is Matter of Fact.

The plentiful Use I chose to make of Physical Terms, in endeavouring to ridicule my Antagonist, proceeded hence, that I really thought he had been one of the Faculty: But I am now credibly inform'd, that 'tis the Cobler Lawyer, (formerly provoked by me) who has been all this while lashing me in the Dark with his Stirrop-leather. I therefore drop my Physical Terms, and ask pardon of that worthy Gentleman the Physician I had in my Eye, who I understand has not in the least concern'd himself in this Dispute, and scarcely read my Papers. But if that same Lawyer dares appear any more against me, I shall not spare to satyrize him in *Cobler Terms*, which I understand full as well as those of Physick. *I am, Sir, Yours, &c.*

PROSIT.

P. S. I shall write no more in the Mercury; and if any thing appears there hereafter, which carries the least Countenance of being mine, I declare beforehand that it will be only a Contrivance of my Enemies, to render me more ridiculous.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Leghorn, Decem. 15. We have no News from Corsica, save that the Malecontents are still in Motion to attack San Pelerino, and perhaps to march into the Neighbourhood of Bastia; they not being ignorant, that several Things fell short there, and that the Sickness among the Troops was far from abating.

Hague, Jan. 8. We have Advice from Corsica, by the way of Leghorn, that since the Return of General Giafferi, who had been at Leghorn to buy Ammunition and Provisions, the Malecontents had deposed two of their Chiefs, named Ciacaldi and Rifuldi, put General Giafferi himself under Arrest, and appointed Commissioners to try him, for holding a Correspondence with the Germans, and suffering 200 Men of that Nation to escape when he took San Pelegrino, who might all have been killed or made Prisoners.

Vienna, Jan. 26. His Imperial Majesty, as well as Prince Eugene of Savoy, is extremely dissatisfied with the present Situation of Affairs in Corsica; and that Prime Minister has lately declared to the Envoy of Genoa, that the Emperor

peror his Master was very much surprized to find that the Republick had taken no more Care to put themselves in a Condition to carry on the War there, by sending over Provisions and Ammunition for the Auxiliary Troops; who have not been used to want Necessaries. Prince Eugene added, that if the Senate of Genoa did not make immediate Provision in this Respect, his Imperial Majesty would withdraw his Forces. And accordingly, Orders are actually sent to the commanding Officer of the Imperialists in the Island of Corsica, not to go upon any Enterprize, till the Genoeze have furnished them with all things necessary.

Genoa, Decem. 22. According to our last Letters from Bastia, the Rebels have held a Council, compos'd of 40 Chiefs of Parishes within their Jurisdiction, wherein they examined and unanimously approved the Conduct of Lewis Giafferi their General; however assign'd him a Council of twelve Chiefs, for the safer and more effectual Administration of Affairs. Those Letters add, that 10 Ships were put to Sea from Bastia, with Troops commanded by Colonel de Fuentes, to execute an Enterprize in Balagne, which may occasion a Rencontre. And that in the Night between the 17th and 18th, the Commissary Doria march'd out of Bastia at the Head of 2000 Men, and advanced towards Luciana, to reduce the People of that Neighbourhood to their Obedience: And from Ajaccio we are advised, that on the 10th Instant, a Detachment of 300 Soldiers and 24 Hussars marched out of that Town, to lay waste a great Tract of Land near Bochignano; and that that Enterprize was executed with very good Success; 50 Houses and two Mills having been burnt among the rest, and a great Number of Cattle taken.

Amsterdam, Feb. 22. We hear from Bastia of the 21st past, that some Corsican Priests being come to Calvi, where 800 Germans were in Garrison, to assure the Governor that the Inhabitants of Calezzana and Colbara waited only for a favourable Opportunity to submit themselves to the Republick, and desiring that some Troops might be sent to take Possession of those two Places; the Governor detached 400 Men of the Garrison, but being come near Calezzana, were suddenly surprized by a great Number of Malecontents who lay in Ambuscade, and surrounding them cut them all in pieces, except 80 who had the good Fortune to escape.

Paris, Jan. 7. We are surprized to find, that all Opposition notwithstanding, the Report of Abbot Paris's Miracles not only stands its Ground, but gathers Strength; and that Persons of good Sense and sound Judgment should give into the Belief of his being a Saint, and working Miracles by his Intercession. The Chevalier Follard, Author of the History of Polybius, is of this Number. Some days ago, M. Dangervilliers, Minister of State, sent his first Secretary to him, to let him know, That he had Orders from the King to declare to him,

that it was very surprizing to see such a Man as he, who had always been admired for his good Sense, concern himself with what was done at Abbot Paris's Grave, when he could not but know that all wise Men laugh at it. To which the Chevalier Follard made Answer, That he had different Thoughts of the Matter, and that he had too lively a Sense of the Favours it had pleased God to bestow upon him, to cease to pay his Devotions at the Grave of that holy Deacon. The Secretary reply'd, That it was dangerous to be disobedient to the King, and that he would by such Conduct incur his Majesty's Displeasure. Whereupon the Chevalier took him short, and said, I know you mean my Pension; but I am ready to sacrifice that at any Time for what I look upon to be inseparable from God's Honour.

Amsterdam, Feb. 19. They write from Seville, of the 28th past, that the Court having for some time past received frequent Couriers from France, had held divers Councils on the Dispatches brought by them; and it was all the Talk of forming a Camp in the Month of March next, on the Frontiers of Catalonia, which is to be composed of 8 Regiments of Cavalry, 4 Regiments of Dragoons, and 25 Battallions of Infantry; and it was assur'd that the Court would remove as soon as the Season would permit, from Andalusia to Castile.

L O N D O N.

Extract of a Letter from Cadix, Feb. 5.

We are assured that there has been a Proposal made to the Minister here, in relation to the Priviledge the South-Sea Company have of sending annual Ships to America; which is, (as the Trade has been found destructive to the Merchants, and as the Court is willing to favour the English Nation preferable to any other) That if the Company resign their Right of sending a Ship with the Flota and Galleons, the Court agrees to diminish the Duty on the Importation of English Manufactures 2 or 3 per Cent. less than usually paid: Therefore 'tis to be hop'd, for the general Good of us all, that this Proposal may take, as it will be of an infinite Benefit to the Nation, and revive our languishing Trade in this Country.

Jan. 29. We have the following Account from Shrievenham in Berkshire, of a Widow Woman at Bourton in that Parish, whose Name is Haggard, who was the several Times undermention'd tapp'd for the Dropsy, and had the following Quantities of Water taken from her, and was ready to be tapp'd again, and very likely to be so many times more.

Gall.q.t.pt.		Gall.q.p.	
April 1. 1730.	5 1 0	Mar. 27. 1731.	6 3 0
May 24.	5 3 0	April 24.	6 2 0
June 30.	6 1 0	May 24.	6 3 0
August 1.	6 2 0	June 19.	6 2 0
September 7.	7 0 0	July 16.	7 0 0
October 12.	7 2 0	August 14.	6 3 0
November 12.	6 2 0	September 17.	6 3 0
December 12.	6 3 0	October 23.	8 0 0
January 9.	7 1 0	November 27.	6 1 0
February 4.	7 3 0	January 1.	7 0 1
February 27.	6 3 0		

Letters from Dublin, dated Jan. 14. say, that Brass Money being grown so exceeding scarce in that Kingdom, a Proposal is on Foot now for making new Half-pence of excellent good Copper, that shall be 20 l. per Cent. more in intrinsic Value than those made by the famous Master Wood.

Wednesday Night about 9 o' Clock, Count Bothmar, Prime Minister for the Affairs of Hanover, departed this Life at his House in St. James's Park, after a tedious Indisposition. He had lived in England above 20 Years. His Body is to be embalm'd, in order to be carried to Hanover and interr'd among his Ancestors. He has by Will left all his Personal Estate to his Daughter, which is valued at 50000 l.

Feb. 5. On Tuesday last, a large Basket with a clean Napkin over it, was laid at a Door in Tavestock Street, Covent Garden; a Label was ty'd to it, on which was wrote these Words,

Take me in, and use me well,

For near this Place my Dad doth dwell.

The People of the House were a little alarmed at this Affair, especially when they perceived there was something alive within it; the Basket was carried from Door to Door, and the Overseers and other Officers of the Parish were sent for, but none of them cared to look into it, fearing it was a Child left to be provided for; 'till at last a Person, more bold than the rest, look'd into it, and found a Dog almost famished with Hunger.

Feb. 12. They write from Malden in Essex, that on Tuesday Night last a Fire happened in that Neighbourhood, which burnt down the Mill, and a great many hundred Quarters of Wheat. The Loss is computed at 2000 l. The Fire was occasioned by the Carelessness of a Servant, who left a lighted Candle in a Sack of Bran.

Extract of a Letter from Bristol, Feb. 5. The John and Sarah, Capt. Wilson, arrived here Yesterday from Jamaica. She put into the Havanna the 21st of November to stop a Leak, and staid there 14 Days, during all which time the Captain and his Crew were treated with great Civility, and all manner of Necessaries were freely allowed them. While she was there, the Spaniards received Advice of one Pedro Pone, Commander of a pretended Guard Costa, or rather Pyrate, having taken at Sea the Salisbury of this Port, bound from Jamaica to Carolina; and because they found a little Silver hid in her Ballast, which the Captain had not discovered, they cut off part of his Nose. This Spanish Rogue also took the St. Michael of and for Liverpool, from Jamaica; and a Vessel of and for New-York, from Honduras; they took the Logwood out of the latter, and put it on board the others, to give a Pretence for Condemning them. They were all three carried into Campechey. The Action was much condemned at the Havanna, and had the two first been brought in there, it was agreed they ought and would have been discharged.

London, Feb. 12.

Yesterday morning came on at the Arches Court at Doctors Commons, before Dr. Rich. Chichley, the Hearing of a Cause relating to the Libel filed by a beautiful young Lady against her Husband, for Insufficiency. The Affidavits, Interrogatories, and Certificates relating to the said Case were severally read, as were also 16 Letters that had passed between the Gentleman and his Lady. They have been married about 4 Years; and a Certificate of 3 Midwives was particularly read, asserting the Lady to be *Virgo intacta* at the time she parted from her Husband, and commenced this Suit; and likewise his Answer to his Wife's Interrogatory, of his not having had carnal Knowledge of her for 3 Years after their Marriage, in which he asserted that he *believed* he had such Knowledge of her Twice within the first Year. This point was learnedly argu'd by his Council, who asserted That to be sufficient to prevent the Marriage being set aside; but this was answered by the opposite Council, that if the Gentleman could not swear *positively*, it look'd as if he was not a competent Judge of what was meant by the Words. The whole was merrily harangued on by both Parties, and several smart Repartees, as may be supposed from the Nature of the Subject, passed between the Council, but the Court took Time to consider of the Judgment. The Lady's Fortune was said to be 30000 l. which, if the Marriage be dissolved, will come into her own Hands again.

Feb. 16. Yesterday in the Afternoon, Justice De Veil committed Robert Atkinson, an eminent Sadler over against the Meuse Gate, Charing-Cross, to Newgate, being charged on the Oath of his Maid with throwing his own Mother down Stairs early Yesterday Morning, by which Fall she broke her Scull, and died on the Spot. The Circumstances of this Accident are these: About One a Clock in the Morning Mr. Atkinson attempted to go to Bed to his Maid, and was undressed, but the Maid making Resistance, his Mother came to him, and bid him come from the Maid, which he did, and immediately pushed her down Stairs. When he was before the Justice, the Maid swore, That after he had thrown the Deceased down Stairs, he call'd to her to bring a Candle, saying, *I believe I have killed the old Bitch.* But the Watchmen swore, that when they were called to secure him, and he was told his Mother was dead, he seemed in great Agonies, calling for a Fork or Penknife to let her Blood with; and that he did stick the Point of a Fork into a Vein in her Arm, repeating often, *What must he do, he had murdered his dear Mother.* It was likewise swore before Justice De Veil, That he frequently used his Mother ill, and had often beat her very barbarously. The Maid and two other Persons were bound in Recognizance to appear against him at his Tryal. This Afternoon at two a clock, the Coroners Inquest are to sit on the Body.

The

The same Day the Cause depending between a Gentlewoman of Quality and her Husband, relating to the Husband's Insufficiency, was determin'd in the Arches Court of Canterbury at Doctors Commons; when it went in favour of the Husband upon the following Particulars, viz. It was sworn by five eminent Surgeons, that tho' there had been some Impediment in the Husband, yet by their Art the Impediment was removed; and that it was impossible for Midwives to tell whether the Lady was a pure Maid or not. The Judge gave it as his Opinion, that if the Marriage should be dissolved, and the Parties severally marry again, and the Man should have Children by his second Wife, that then his Marriage with his second Wife must be void, and he must go and live with the first Wife: So directed them to live together again; and 'tis to be hoped the Lady may have Cause to alter her Opinion.

Barbadoes, March 3. By private Letters from Caraccas we have the following Advice, that the Biscayners having blocked up the Trade both by Sea and Land, to the great Prejudice of the Natives, who are but poorly supply'd from Old Spain; Andrew Scoro, a Mulatto, agitated by a generous Passion of relieving his distress'd Countrymen, put himself at the Head of 60 brave Fellows, and declared open War against the Biscayan Company. The Governor, to suppress this small Insurrection, sent a Party of 300 Men, under the Command of Don Juan Angelo. Our renownd Mullatto, having Intelligence of the Enemies Approach, went to meet them, and being well acquainted with the Paths and Situation of the Country where they were to march, posted himself betwixt two Hills, where he waited till the King's Forces appear'd; then, after a short Harangue to encourage his Men, fell on with unheard of Bravery, kill'd fifty upon the Spot, took fifty Prisoners, and routed all the rest. After this Victory, Andrew Scoro stil'd himself King of the Mountains: His Numbers encrease daily, and will in a short time become a formidable Enemy to the Biscayners. He swears by his Crown he will entirely root them out of his Country. He wont allow his Soldiers to wear Shoes or Stockings, and is supply'd by the Dutch with Powder and other Ammunition.

Custom-House, New-York, May 1. Inward Entries.

Ratsey, Hinman, and Godfrey from Hispaniola, Fowle and Butterfield from Tortuga, Lightfoot from Antigua, Clark from S. Carolina, Griffith from Boston. *Outward Entries.* Bratt for Madera, Todd for Jamaica, Painter for Coracoa, Bryant and Downing for London, Griffith for Boston. *Cleared.* Littleton to Jamaica, Young and Judkin to Barbadoes, Alkin to Coracoa, Lawrence to St. Thomas, Griffith to Boston.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.

We hear from New-Castle, that on Monday last died there after a short Illness, William Read, Esq; one of the Trustees of the Loan-Office for that County. He was a very worthy Gentleman, and had always an excellent Character.

Sunday last during Afternoon Service, a Fire broke out in the Brewhouse of Mr. Badcock. All the Congregations broke up in great Surprize; and there was immediately abundance of People present at the Place, yet they could not save the Building. Had it happen'd in the Night time, or had not the Tide been up in the Dock, 'tis thought much more Damage would have been done; for several Houses catch'd at a considerable Distance. The Engines did great Service, and the People were very active: They saved the Dwelling House, but not without damaging the Roof. Some Persons were hurt, tho' none mortally.

Last Week, a Woman, who had been melancholy some time before, going down the River on board a Shallop, took an Opportunity when none were in the Cabin but herself; and fastening a String to the Trigger of a Gun, put the Muzzle under her Breast, and shot herself so that the Charge came out behind near her Shoulder. She died in a few Hours. *Buried in the several Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week past.*

Church - - - - - 1. } Baptists - - - - - 0.
Quakers - - - - - 1. } Strangers { Whites - - - - - 1.
Presbyterians - - - 0. } Blacks - - - - - 0.
Prices of the following Goods, Wheat 2 s. 6 d. Flour 8 s.
Midling Bread 12 s. Mixt ditto 10 s. Brown ditto 9 s.
Rum 2 s. 4 d. Mellasses 16 d.

Custom-House, Philadelphia, Entered inwards.
Brig. Warren, Tho. Ramsey, from Dublin.
Snow Lovely Hannah, John Wilcocks, from Antigua.
Sloop Dove, John Rice, from S. Carolina.
Sloop Johns, Abraham Hayes, from N. Carolina.
Ship Diamond, William Donaldson, from Bristol.
Snow Mary Ann, Lab. Pearce, from S. Christopher.

Entered outwards.
Sloop Benjamin, Jos. Henson, for Barbados.
Brig. Warren, Tho. Ramsey, for Dublin.
Snow Johanna, Richard Donovan, for Barbados.

Cleared.
Ship Mary, James Benn, for Dublin.
Ship New Bristol Hope, Tho. Chalkley, for Barbados.
Sloop Speedwell, And. Norwood, for South Carolina.

ADVERTISEMENT S.

RUN away the 29th of April last from Thomas Lindley of Philadelphia Smith, a Servant Man named John Roe, aged about 25 Years, a lusty well set man, of a pale complexion, full nose and large heavy eyes. Had on a fine Hat, brown natural Wigg, plain brown druggat Coat, light colour'd Kersy Wastcoat, dark cloth Breeches, grey worsted Stockings and old Shoes (went in Company with a woman of short stature, brown Complexion, long nose, and has a large scar on one of her Arms) Whoever secures the said Servant so that his Master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges paid by Thomas Lindley.

RUN away the 20th of April, from John Riley near Chester, a Servant Man named Henry Edwards, a West-countryman, by Trade a Wool-Comber, tall and slim, with good dark brown Hair, and writes a pretty good hand. He had on a new snuff-colour'd homespun Coat and Jacket with brass Buttons, Leather Breeches, an old Shirt, woollen Stockings near the colour of his clothes, old Shoes and a Felt Hat. He had near Three Pounds in his Pocket, and was seen the same Night at 9 a clock, at Mr. Dunning's the George Inn, in this City. Whoever secures the said Servant, and gives Notice to his Master, or to Abraham Prat of Philadelphia, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges paid by John Riley.

To be Sold,

A Grist-Mill with two Pair of Stones (having now a frame Dam found by Experience to be good and Substantial, and in a better Condition than it hath been for above twelve Years,) Also a good Dwelling-House, a Store, and a Coopers Shop, with about 60 Acres of Land, part whereof is clear'd, and an Orchard containing about 60 bearing Apple Trees, at Salisbury Town upon the Head of Duck-Creek, distant a quarter of a Mile from navigable Water, accounted 37 Miles from New-Castle. Any Person that has a mind to purchase, may apply to Joseph Rawle at the said Town of Salisbury, or to William Rawle in Philadelphia.

JUST Imported, and to be sold by William Rawle, Good Rum, Mellasses, Sugar, Cases of Bottles, Cocoa Nuts, Coffee, and Old Iron, very reasonably.

WHereas Mr. JOHN CRANLEY, some Years ago of the City of WINTON, Upholsterer, his Relations cannot tell where he now lieth; this is to give Notice, whoever can tell where the above Mr. John Cranley doth now live, and will let Mr. Samuel Smith, Draper in Winchester, know, they shall have Five Guineas Reward paid by the said Samuel Smith.

N. B. The above Mr. John Cranley is a little Black Man, a Dimple in his Chin, sings fine, is about forty Years old; he served his Apprenticeship at London, and is supposed to be in Pennsylvania.

THIS is to give notice, that Hendrick van Bebber, who has practised as Doctor of Physick, with good success many Years, is moved hither, and offers his service to all persons who shall have occasion for him in any distemper whatsoever. He himself prepares the best and surest chymical medicines, to be used successfully and without any danger: Specially is of him to be had the renownd Sal mirabile, (wonderful in its virtues for Fevers and Dropic) and other select remedies. He lives in Lætitia Court, in the same house with Mr. Atend Haffert, Merchant, Philadelphia.

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